

**R224** 

#### 1. Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1 Product identifier

Trade name: BRIGHT ZINC GALVE SPRAY

Article number: R224

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Manufacturer/Supplier: TYGRIS Industrial

Unit 31, Kyle Road Industrial Estate

Irvine Ayrshire KA12 8LE

Tel +44 (0) 1294 311 066 Fax +44 (0) 1294 277 115

Email technical@tygrisindustrial.com

Further information obtainable from:

**Technical Department** 

1.4 Emergency telephone

number:

Tel +44 (0) 1294 311 066





**R224** 

#### 2. Hazards identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

**Physical hazards:** Flam. Aerosol 1 - H222

**Health hazards:** EUH066, STOT SE 3 - H336

**Environment hazards:** Aquatic Chronic 2 - H411

2.2. Label elements

Hazard statements: H222: Extremely flammable aerosol.

H336: May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

H411: Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Hazard pictograms: GHS02: Flame

> GHS07: Exclamation mark GHS09: Environmental







Signal word: Danger

**Precautionary statements:** P102: Keep out of reach of children.

P210: Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition

sources. No smoking.

P211: Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source. P251: Pressurized container: Do not pierce or burn, even after use.

P261: Avoid breathing vapour/spray.

P271: Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.

P280: Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection. P410+412: Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding

50°C/122°F.

P501: Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local regulations.

Supplementary

P304+340: IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position precautionary statements:

comfortable for breathing.

P312: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell.

P391: Collect spillage.

P403+233: Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.

P405: Store locked up.

Additional information: EUH066: Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

H229: Pressurised container: May burst if heated

2.3. Other hazards



#### 3. Composition/information on ingredients

#### 3.2. Mixtures

#### **Hazardous ingredients:**

#### **ACETONE**

EC	CAS	Index number	CLP Classification	Percent
200-662-2	67-64-1	-	Flam. Liq. 2 - H225 Eye Irrit. 2 - H319 STOT SE 3 - H336 EUH066	10-30%
BUTANE				
203-448-7	106-97-8	-	Flam. Gas 1 - H220	10-30%
BUTYL ACETA	TE -NORM			
204-658-1	123-86-4	-	Flam. Liq. 3 - H226 EUH066 STOT SE 3 - H336	10-30%
XYLENE				
215-535-7	1330-20-7	-	Flam. Liq. 3 - H226 Acute Tox. 4 - H312, H332 Skin Irrit. 2 - H315 Eye Irrit. 2 - H319 STOT SE 3 - H335 STOT RE 2 - H373 Asp. Tox. 1 - H304 Aquatic Chronic 3 - H412	10-30%
ZINC DUST				
231-175-3	7440-66-6	-	Aquatic Acute 1 - H400 Aquatic Chronic 1 - H410	5-10%
ISOBUTANE				
200-857-2	75-28-5	-	Flam. Gas 1 - H220	5-10%
1-METHOXY-2-	-PROPANOL			
203-539-1	107-98-2	-	Flam. Liq. 3 - H226 STOT SE 3 - H336	1-5%
SOLVENT NAP	PHTHA (PETROLE)	JM), LIGHT AROM.		
-	64742-95-6	-	Flam. Liq. 3 - H226 EUH066 STOT SE 3 - H335, H336 Asp. Tox. 1 - H304 Aquatic Chronic 2 - H411	1-5%
ETHYLBENZEI	NE			
202-849-4	100-41-4	-	Flam. Liq. 2 - H225 Acute Tox. 4 - H332	< 1%
	<del></del>			

Version 1.0

Page 3 of 9



#### **ISO-BUTANOL**

201-148-0	78-83-1	-	Flam. Liq. 3 - H226 Skin Irrit. 2 - H315 Eye Dam. 1 - H318 STOT SE 3 - H335	< 1%
			STOT SE 3 - H336	

#### NAPHTHA (PETROLEUM), HYDROTREATED HEAVY

|--|

The Full Text for all R-Phrases and Hazard Statements are Displayed in Section 16.

#### 4. First aid measures

#### 4.1. Description of first aid measures

**General information:** Move the exposed person to fresh air at once. Get medical attention if any

discomfort continues.

**Skin contact:** Wash the skin immediately with soap and water. Get medical attention if any

discomfort continues.

**Eye contact:** Make sure to remove any contact lenses from the eyes before rinsing. Promptly

wash eyes with plenty of water while lifting the eye lids. Continue to rinse for at

least 15 minutes. Get medical attention if any discomfort continues.

Ingestion: DO NOT INDUCE VOMITING! Rinse mouth thoroughly with water and give large

amounts of milk or water to people not unconscious. Get medical attention if any

discomfort continues.

**Inhalation:** Move the exposed person to fresh air at once. When breathing is difficult, properly

trained personnel may assist affected person by administering oxygen. Keep the

affected person warm and at rest. Get prompt medical attention.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

**General information:** NOTE! Effects may be delayed. Keep affected person under observation.

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

#### 5. Firefighting measures

5.1 Extinguishing media

**Extinguishing media:** Powder. Dry chemicals, sand, dolomite etc. Water spray, fog or mist.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

**Exposure hazards:** Aerosol cans may explode in a fire.

5.3. Advice for fire-fighters

**Special fire fighting**Containers close to fire should be removed or cooled with water. Use water to

**procedures:** keep fire exposed containers cool and disperse vapours.



#### 6. Accidental release measures

- 6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures
- 6.2. Environmental precautions
- 6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Clean-up procedures: Wear necessary protective equipment. Extinguish all ignition sources. Avoid

sparks, flames, heat and smoking. Ventilate. Let evaporate. Keep out of confined spaces because of explosion risk. If leakage cannot be stopped, evacuate area.

6.4. Reference to other sections

#### 7. Handling and storage

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

**Handling requirements:** Keep away from heat, sparks and open flame. Avoid spilling, skin and eye

contact. Ventilate well, avoid breathing vapours. Use approved respirator if air

contamination is above accepted level.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

**Storage conditions:** Aerosol cans: Must not be exposed to direct sunlight or temperatures above 50°C.

7.3. Specific end use(s)



#### 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

#### 8.1. Control parameters

#### Workplace exposure limits:

#### **ACETONE**

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA)	Short-term exposure limit (15-minute)
WEL 500 ppm, 1210 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	WEL 1500 ppm, 3620 mg/m³

#### **BUTANE**

WEL 600 ppm, 1450 mg/m³	WEL 750 ppm, 1810 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
-------------------------	-------------------------------------

#### **XYLENE**

WEL 50 ppm, 220 mg/m³	WEL 100 ppm, 441 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
-----------------------	------------------------------------

#### 1-METHOXY-2-PROPANOL

WEL 100 ppm (Sk), 375 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	WEL 150 ppm (Sk), 560 mg/m <sup>3</sup>

#### **BUTYL ACETATE -norm**

WEL 150 ppm (Sk), 724 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	WEL 125 ppm (Sk), 552 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
---	---

#### **ETHYLBENZENE**

WEL 100 ppm (Sk), 441 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	WEL 200 ppm (Sk), 966 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
---	---

#### **ISO-BUTANOL**

WEL 50 ppm (Sk), 154 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	WEL 75 ppm (Sk), 231 mg/m <sup>3</sup>

#### NAPHTHA(PETROLEUM), HYDROTREATED HEAVY

· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
1400 mg/m³	-

WEL = Workplace Exposure Limits

#### 8.2. Exposure controls

**Protective equipment:** 





**Engineering measures:** Provide adequate general and local exhaust ventilation.

General protective and hygienic measures:

DO NOT SMOKE IN WORK AREA! Wash hands at the end of each work shift and before eating, smoking and using the toilet. Promptly remove any clothing that becomes contaminated. When using do not eat, drink or smoke.

Respiratory protection: No specific recommendation made, but respiratory protection must be used if the

general level exceeds the recommended occupational exposure limit. Use chemical

cartridge protection with appropriate cartridge.

**Hand protection:** Use protective gloves.

**Eye protection:** Wear approved chemical safety goggles where eye exposure is reasonably

probable.

Other Protection: Wear appropriate clothing to prevent any possibility of liquid contact and repeated

or prolonged vapour contact.





#### 9. Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

State: Aerosol
Colour: Grey

Odour: Characteristic

Solubility: Insoluble in water

Flammability limits: Lower: 0.8 % Upper: 9.0 %

9.2. Other information

Volatile organic compound

595 g/litre

(VOC):

#### 10. Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

10.2. Chemical stability

**Chemical stability:** Stable under normal temperature conditions.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

10.4. Conditions to avoid

**Conditions to avoid:** Avoid heat, flames and other sources of ignition. Avoid contact with: Strong

oxidising agents. Strong alkalis. Strong mineral acids.

10.5. Incompatible materials

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Fire creates: Vapours/gases/fumes of: Carbon monoxide (CO). Carbon dioxide (CO2).

#### 11. Toxicological information

#### 11.1. Information on toxicological effects

**Skin contact:** Prolonged or repeated exposure may cause severe irritation. Acts as a defatting

agent on skin. May cause cracking of skin, and eczema.

**Eye contact:** Irritating to eyes. May cause chemical eye burns.

**Inhalation:** May cause irritation to the respiratory system. Vapours may cause headache,

fatigue, dizziness and nausea. Prolonged inhalation of high concentrations may

damage respiratory system. Irritating to respiratory system.

**Ingestion:** May cause discomfort if swallowed. May cause stomach pain or vomiting.

Gastrointestinal symptoms, including upset stomach.

Route of entry: Inhalation. Skin and/or eye contact.



#### 12. Ecological information

12.1. Toxicity

**Ecotoxicity:** Dangerous for the environment if discharged into watercourses.

12.2. Persistence and degradability

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

12.4. Mobility in soil

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

12.6. Other adverse effects

#### 13. Disposal considerations

#### 13.1. Waste treatment methods

General information: Empty containers must not be burned because of explosion hazard. Dispose of

waste and residues in accordance with local authority requirements.

#### 14. Transport information

UN Number (ADR): 1950

UN Number (IMDG): 1950

UN Number (IATA): 1950

14.2 UN proper shipping name

Proper shipping name: AEROSOLS

14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

ADR/RID/ADN Class: 2. Class 2: Gases

ADR Label No. 2.1

IMDG Class: 2.1

ICAO Class/Division: 2.1

**Transport labels:** 



14.4. Packing group

Packing group: Not applicable.

14.5 Environmental hazards

Marine pollutant: No

14.6 Special precautions for user

EmS: F-D. S-U

14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC Code





**R224** 

#### 15. Regulatory information

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Statutory Instruments: The Aerosol Dispensers (Amendment) Regulations 2014 No.1130.

Guidance Notes: Workplace Exposure Limits EH40.

Introduction to Local Exhaust Ventilation HS(G)37.

**EU Legislation:** The Aerosol Dispensers Directive 1975/324 EEC.

Regulation (EC) No.1272/2008: The Classification, Labelling and Packaging of

substances and mixtures Regulations.

Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006: The Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and

Restriction of Chemicals Regulations (REACH).

2001/95/EC The General Product Safety Directive (GPSD).

Commission Regulation (EU) 2015/830: Requirements for the compilation of

safety data sheets (amending REACH).

Authorisations (Title VII Regulation 1907/2006): No specific authorisations are

noted for this product.

Restrictions (Title VIII Regulation 1907/2006): No specific restrictions of use are

noted for this product.

#### 15.2. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

#### 16. Other information

Other information: This safety data sheet is prepared in accordance with Commission Regulation (EU)

No 2015/830.

Phrases used in s.2 and s.3: EUH066: Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

H220: Extremely flammable gas. H222: Extremely flammable aerosol. H225: Highly flammable liquid and vapour. H226: Flammable liquid and vapour.

H304: May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

H312: Harmful in contact with skin. H315: Causes skin irritation.

H318: Causes serious eye damage. H319: Causes serious eye irritation.

H332: Harmful if inhaled.

H335: May cause respiratory irritation. H336: May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

H373: May cause damage to organs << Organs>> through prolonged or repeated

exposure.

H400: Very toxic to aquatic life.

H410: Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. H411: Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. H412: Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

**Legal disclaimer** The above information is believed to be correct but does not purport to be all

inclusive and shall be used only as a guide. This company shall not be held liable for any damage resulting from handling or from contact with the above product.